

# Exploration and Life Support Systems

ESA UNCLASSIFIED - For ESA Official Use Only

G.Magistrati HRE-E (ExPeRT) Team Leader

MELiSSA Conference Toulouse 8-10<sup>th</sup> November 2022

### ESA Exploration Roadmap in the next years/decades







Trace Gas Orbiter



Entry Descend Landing **Rosalind Franklin mission** 



Robotic arm & return orbiter Mars Sample Return





2030 > 2040

European-led capabilities



Heavy cargo landing

Human transit habitation Preparing to send humans to Mars



European Service Module Deep space human transport



Gateway Deep space habitation









Cargo logistics / mobility Science/support activities Living and working on the Moon



2020 > 2030

ESA in mutual inter-dependence

**ISS** Partner



Contribution Commercial stations







# SUSTAINABLE EXPLORATION Life Support Systems functions



- Control environment, cabin air, atmosphere composition,
- Control concentration of contaminants,
- Provide water (Water collection, recovery, recycling, processing, distribution and quality control),
- Collect, inhibit and contain metabolic body wastes,
- Provide food (Food production, transformation and storage, quality control),
- Detect and suppress fire.

→ THE EUROPEAN SPACE AGENCY

## ESA TEC & ExPeRT are managing several MELiSSA Activities



	Activity	Status	End Dat
Cesa Cesa	Plant Characterization Unit (PCU)	running	July 23
	Systems Study	running	Sep 23
	Pool Of MELiSSA PhDs (POMP) Phase 3	running	<b>Dec 24</b>
	BIORAT 1	running	Jan-24
	BIORAT 2	running	Nov-23
	Precursor Food Production Unit (PFPU)	running	Dec-23
	MELiSSA Pilot Plant (MPP)	running	Sep-23

# **EXPLORATION Studies**

System studies related to the future Exploration missions are planned to define requirements and needs for technology development and technology demonstrators,

The proposed way ahead is to focus on a Human Mars transit habitation Module (HMM) as a core element of a round trip mission to Mars. This implies:

• defining requirements for the pressurised structure, internal environmental conditions and concept of operations,

- advancing the TRL levels of systems and sub-systems.
- To achieve this goal several intermediate and sequential steps are needed:
- defining the requirements of a HMM ground based analogue test bed, integrating the many subsystems step by step in a realistic environment with humans in the loop with a focus on ECLSS;

• defining the requirements for an inflight validation of subsystems on the ISS (or other LEO platforms) when possible;

**Development of a precursor of the HMM** 

• a possible additional European contribution to the Gateway as a final deep space long-term testing of the HMM itself before assembly of the Mars mission convoy.

→ THE EUROPEAN SPACE AGENCY

#### **Strategy definition**

- Terrae Novae 2030+ strategy
  - ESA-PBHME(2021)19 rev1 (Feb. 2022)
- E3P Programme Proposal
  - ESA-PBHME(2021)23 rev1

### Actors & events



- HRE-S for overall strategy and implementation coordination
- HRE-E (ExPeRT) for future missions and technologies definition
- HRE-R (SciSpacE) for science strategy
- National experts, scientists and industry experts
- Workshops/Mtgs with MS, experts, scientists and industries

## Future Mission Studies and Technologies in Exploration

## لع HRE-E ExPeRT

- Phase 0/PrePhase A/Phase A/B1 for LEO, Moon and Mars
- Identification of Critical Technologies
   for Exploration Missions
- Definition of technology needs and requirements in coordination with D/TEC
- Technologies WorkPlan
- Technologies Maturation up to TRL5/6 in coordination with D/TEC
- Maturation of Technology P/Ls

## HRE-R SciSpacE

- Definition of Science Strategy for Exploration
- Definition of Science content for LEO, Moon, Mars missions
- Call/AO for experiments
- P/Ls development
- Support to Phase 0/pre-PhaseA/Phase A/B1/ Phase B2/CD/E studies and missions
- Science P/L developments

HRE-O, HRE-L, HRE-M Destination leaders CS1-CS4

- Implementation Phase B2/C/D/E of LEO, Moon and Mars missions
- Maturation of technologies from TRL5/6 up to TRL8

#### 

#### Prioritization on-going with PBHME-EUB and HESAC (2022)



#### Description



- Future human round trip Mars missions requires a highly optimised and reliable habitat as a core element.
- A ground based analogue Mars Transit Habitat(MTH) would provide an important testbed to develop, integrate and validate the required systems and technology with humans in the loop
- Prepares ESA for contributing critical elements to future human Mars exploration missions

## **Mars Transit Habitat Ground Based Demonstration Facility**

### 🛓 Technology

- Advanced Life Support technologies
- Resource management, waste treatment and recycling
- Crew health medical support & countermeasures
- Habitat systems integration
- Autonomous operation & support to decision making

#### Science

- SciSpacE strategy is in development.
- Possibility for human-subject and human-tended science
- Possibility for investigation and validation of countermeasures
- Possibility of observational research on human-related activities
- Physical sciences studies

#### Bchedule

- Past and ongoing activities
   Mars Transit Habitat CDF study
   completed in 2020
- Potential future activities
   Feasibility and system definition studies
   Implementation decision at CM25+





#### 👝 🚍 📕 🚔 📥 🔚 📕 🖆 🔚 📕 📕 📲 🚔 👘 🖓 🎽 👘 🕌 😸 🚱 🔤 👘