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K, MG, CA, NA BALANCES IN A CLOSED SYSTEM COMBINING AEROPONIC LETTUCE CULTIVATION SUPPLIED WITH GREY WATER

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Aeroponics and hydroponics



Reason behind experiment



Experiment description and general results



Biodegradation of surfactants



Mass balance – nitrogen as an example



Mass balance – possible recovery rates

Recovery rate	Module 7, Reference (clean water)			
Ν	78.2%			
Р	49.4%			
К	69.1%			
Mg	22.5%			
Ca	9.5%			
Na	56.5%			
Water	39.6%			
С	30.1%			

Transport costs

Module	Percent efficiency in comparison to clean water cultivation	Required area	Mass	Transport cost to Mars
		m ²	kg	min dollars
Module 1 (SLES, 1.70 g⋅L⁻¹)	18.6%	1.84	187	112
Module 2 (SLES, 0.07 g·L ⁻¹)	76.7%	0.45	45	27
Module 4 (SMCT, 0.08 g·L ⁻¹)	77.2%	0.45	45	27
Module 6 (SBDS, 0.08 g·L ⁻¹)	95.6%	0.36	36	22
Module 7, Reference (clean water)	100.0%	0.34	35	21

lettuce yield is 131 g of fresh mass $\cdot d^{\text{-1}} \cdot m^{\text{-2}}$

lettuce dietary requirement is 7.5 g of fresh mass·d⁻¹·crewmember⁻¹.

The number of crewmembers is assumed to be 6.

The mass of 1 m² of cultivation is assumed to be 101.5 kg

The cost of transporting 1 kg to Mars is estimated to be 600 000 dollars

Full results are available in "Surfactants effect on aeroponics and important mass balances of regenerative life support system – Lettuce case study" Science of the Total Environment 718 (2020) 137324