Current and future ways to Closed Life Support Systems

Joint Agrospace-MELiSSA Workshop

## Functional Ecology to Reduce Launchers Impact on Deep Sea

Michele De Santis, *Rina Consulting S.p.A. michele.desantis@rina.org* 



cesa

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#### **RINA - Company Presentation**

RINA provides **Certification**, **Testing**, **Inspection and Consulting Services** across the **Energy**, **Marine**, **Certification**, **Transport** & **Infrastructure and Industry** Sectors, through a global network of 170 offices in 65 countries with a turnover of 434 million of  $\in$  (2017)

RINA is a member of key organizations and an important contributor to the development of new legislative standards



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#### **CREOCEAN - Company presentation**

Creocean Environnement & océanographie

CREOCEAN helps public & private sectors improving their knowledge and management efficiency of the coastal & marine environment by providing high value science-based services, using the latest technology and available methods

CREOCEAN provides a global approach to integrate the environmental component into the development projects like:

- Marine habitat mapping / Sensitivity mapping and Marine biodiversity studies
- Environmental Baseline Studies (EBS) and Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA)



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#### **Project Objectives**

The project aims at acquiring the necessary knowledge and references for an objective study, which **quantifies the impacts on deep-sea ecosystems of launchers components falling into the ocean,** through a stepwise process based on:

- List and characterize the concerned launchers materials, and the reactions that will occur in the ocean
- Study the deep sea ecosystem in the zones where launcher residuals fall back
- Investigate through an initial study the impact of these materials on the deep sea ecosystems
- Propose a method(s) to better understand the environmental impact of disposed launcher stages falling back into the ocean
- Issue recommendations for future work



# Characterisation of Relevant Launcher Materials

INPUT: Documents survey (Sources: ESA, Internet, Literature, Other...)

• Classification of materials at launch that have an impact on the ocean

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- Creation of a shared template for the collection of relevant information on such materials
- Such list of materials is given to Creocean and RINA's LCA experts for a preliminary LCA approach

**OUTPUT**: Characterisation of relevant Launchers Materials

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#### Characterization of Relevant Launchers Materials

#### <u>VEGA</u>

According to available data and correspondent uncertainty, involved masses, from VEGA side, the study has been focused on the **three stages: P80, Z23 and Z9** 















#### Characterization of Relevant Launchers Materials

#### Ariane 5 EC & ECA

Instead for Ariane 5, the first **two stages EPC and EAP** have been analyzed in details for the following reasons:

- Dimension and weight;
- Zone of Splashdown ecosystem;
- Recurrent geographical statistics for first two stages compared of the remaining stages.



EAP and EPC









#### **Preliminary Characterization**

Once identified the critical materials, and their involvements in launchers, a **preliminary characterization of most pollutant materials** has been conducted. The info collected here, have been used for the assessment of environmental impacts. Several aspects have been retrieved:

- Main applications in space sector,
- Physical parameters,
- Chemical properties,
- Toxicity information,
- Known degradation processes in marine environment.





#### **INPUT**:

ESA information (splashdown areas) Characterization of launcher materials Literature review

- Identification of main deep-sea habitats potentially impacted
- Characterization of ecosystems
- Description of ecological functioning

- Characterization of the effects
- Chemical impacts : exposure assessment
- Physical impacts: damage assessment

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Hazard characterization

**OUTPUT**: Preliminary Environmental Impact Assessment



#### **Deep-sea ecosytems potentially impacted**

- Splashdown areas identified from:
  - o Launcher description
  - o ESA information
  - Navigation warnings
  - o Nominal launch

#### • ARIANE 5

- o Boosters: confidential
- o Cryogenic stage: confidential

### • <u>VEGA</u>

- o P80: confidential
- o Z23: confidential
- o **Z9**: confidential















The most important ecosystems have been assessed in terms of ecotoxicological impacts

- The physical impacts have been assessed on the base of several assumptions on the behavior and the fate of launcher materials in the marine environment, considering the impact induced by the rocket materials after their fall into the sea
- The chemical impacts have been evaluated following the European methodology for risk assessment in which the contamination levels in natural environment are compared to environmental quality standards. Preliminarily, the chemical risk is characterized for two emission scenarios: release of the contaminants in the whole water column (pelagic organisms) or release only in a deep-sea layer (benthic organisms)

It is a <u>preliminary assessment</u> based on available data and on <u>very conservative</u> assumptions





#### **Chemical impacts : substances of concern**

	Compound	Launcher			
	Chromium	Vega and Ariane 5			
	Aluminum	Vega and Ariane 5			
	Copper	Vega			
	Iron	Vega and Ariane 5			
	Molybdenum	Vega and Ariane 5			
	Nickel	Vega and Ariane 5			
	Silver	Vega and Ariane 5			
	Tin	Vega			
	Titanium	Vega and Ariane 5			
	Antimony	Ariane 5			
Epoxy resin	(4,4'-DDS diaminodiphenylsulfone)	Vega and Ariane 5			
	Viscose	Vega and Ariane 5			
Pł	nenol formaldehyde resin	Vega and Ariane 5			
	Polyisoprene IR	Vega and Ariane 5			
	Phosphorus	Ariane 5			
	Tantalum	Vega and Ariane 5			
	Gold	Vega			
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#### **Chemical impacts : methodology**



Predicted No Effect Concentration measured on organisms Hazard assessment

 $< 1 \rightarrow No Risk$  $> 1 \rightarrow Risk$ 







#### **Chemical impacts : methodology - exposure assessment**

Exposure assessment = calculation of concentration in the marine environment (PEC – Predicted Environmental Concentration)



#### Results for chemical risk impacts

- Low for all substances and all targets : pelagic and benthic organisms, fish predators and top predators and human health via ingestion of fish
- Excepted for the aluminum in the 5 splashing down areas → there is a potential impact on marine organisms of the water and of the sediment

			PROTECTION TARGET						
	Marine ecosystem				Human via environment				
risk			Marine water organisms	Marine sediment organisms		dators and top ators	' Evposure by ingestion		
	Compound	Launcher	PEC <sub>local seawater</sub> / PNEC <sub>saltwater</sub>	PEC <sub>local marine</sub> sediment/ PNEC <sub>marine</sub> sediment	PEC <sub>oral,predator</sub> / PNEC <sub>oral,predator</sub>	PEC <sub>oral, top predator</sub> / PNEC <sub>oral predator</sub>	Qualitative assessment based on potential bioaccumulation and secondary poisoning data		
	Chromium	Vega and Ariane 5	No risk	No risk	No risk	No risk	Unlikely risk		
nces and all	Aluminum	Vega and Ariane 5	Water column Bottom layer	Water column Bottom layer	No risk	No risk	Unlikely risk		
nd benthic	Copper	Vega	No risk	No risk	No risk	No risk	Unlikely risk		
	Iron	Vega and Ariane 5		Nor or	insufficient data available at present				
edators and	Molybdenum	Vega and Ariane 5	No risk	No risk	Nor or insufficient data available at present				
human	Nickel	Vega and Ariane 5	No risk	No risk	No risk	No risk	Unlikely risk		
n of fish	Silver	Vega and Ariane 5	No risk	No risk	Unlikely risk	Unlikely risk	Unlikely risk		
	Tin	Vega	No risk	No risk	Nor or insufficient data available at present				
luminum	Titanium	Vega and Ariane 5	No risk	No risk	Unlikely risk	Unlikely risk	Unlikely risk		
down	Antimony	Ariane 5	No risk	No risk	No risk	No risk	No risk		
potential organisms	Epoxy resin (4,4'- DDS diaminodiphenylsul fone)	Vega and Ariane 5	No risk	No risk	Nor or insufficient data available at present				
of the	Viscose	Vega and Ariane 5	Nor or insufficient data available at present						
	Phenol formaldehyde resin	Vega and Ariane 5	Nor or insufficient data available at present Nor or insufficient data available at present						
	Polyisoprene IR	Vega and Ariane 5							
	Phosphorus	Ariane 5	Nor or insufficient data available at present						
Roma, 18 <sup>th</sup> Ma	Tantalum	Vega and Ariane 5	Nor or insufficient data available at present						
	Gold	Vega	Nor or insufficient data available at present						

#### **Physical impacts**

- **Behavior at sea**: the different stages of Ariane 5 and Vega sink after falling down in the oceans and they reach the sea bottom
- Fate on the seabed : the deterioration and the conservation of the launcher stages in the deep-sea domain is extrapolated from data available about the fate of modern shipwrecks
- Launchers materials should generate minor impacts on fauna and habitats of the deep-sea domain and limited disturbance of the marine food webs (no risk were highlighted for marine food webs and human health via ingestion of fish even for aluminium)

It is a preliminary assessment based on available data and on very conservative assumptions





#### Further Study to deepen understading of environmental impact of disposed launcher stages

#### **INPUT**:

Characterization of launcher materials Preliminary environmental impact assessment

#### Marine habitats potentially impacted

 List of biotopes/species requiring further investigations to describe their ecological functioning Characterization of the effects

 List of missing data/reference values to characterize chemical and physical impacts

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#### **OUTPUT**:

- Critical analysis of EIA method
- Recommendations for future works



#### Conclusions

- Models and tools to understand ecologies and ecosystems in deep-sea ecosystems could be used, tuned (if needed) and replied in Closed Life Support System for evaluating the interactions between space components and living beings in enclosed environments
- The main focus of this project has been the deep-sea ecosystems impact assessment, and only as a consequence the human beings. Nevertheless, the developed assessment methods could support scientific community in terms of health assessment of spacecraft and consequently improving efficiency, safety, and reliability





## Thanks for your attention

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