



NITROGEN RECOVERY FROM URINE IN SPACE: A CASE FOR NITRIFICATION

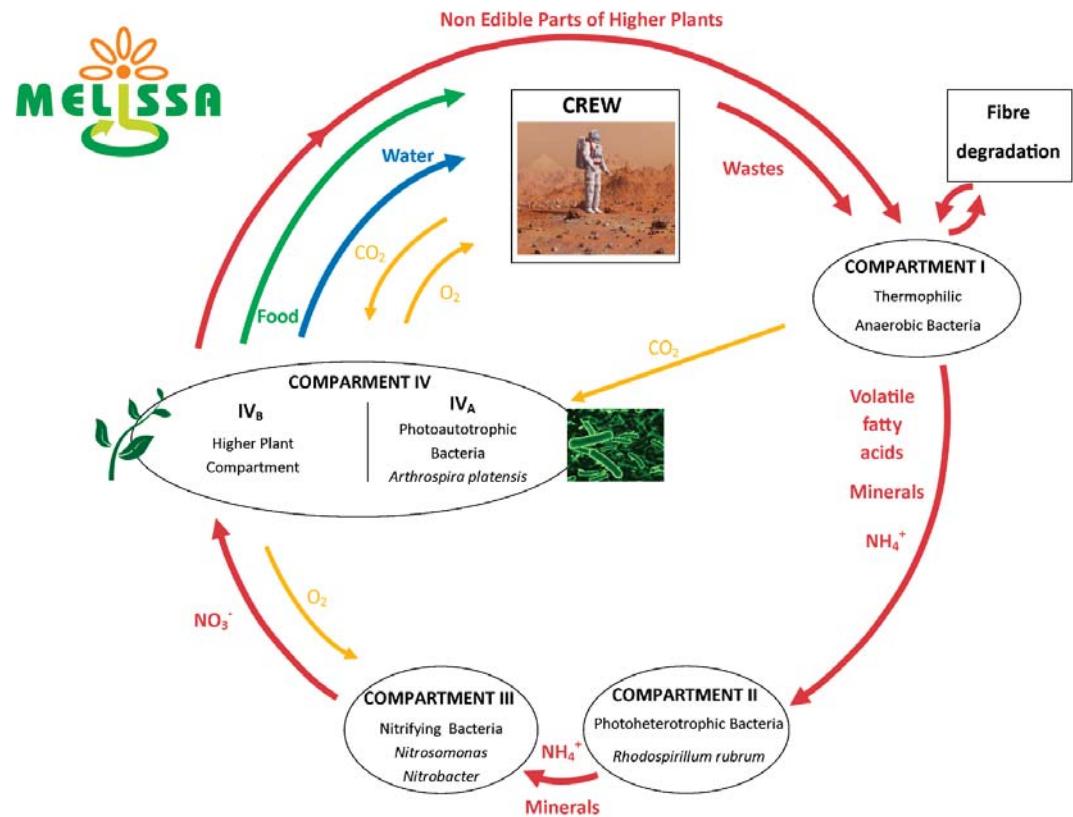
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T. Defoirdt, B. Sas, N. Boon, N. Leys, S. E. Vlaeminck

Agrospace/MELiSSA workshop, 16/05/2018

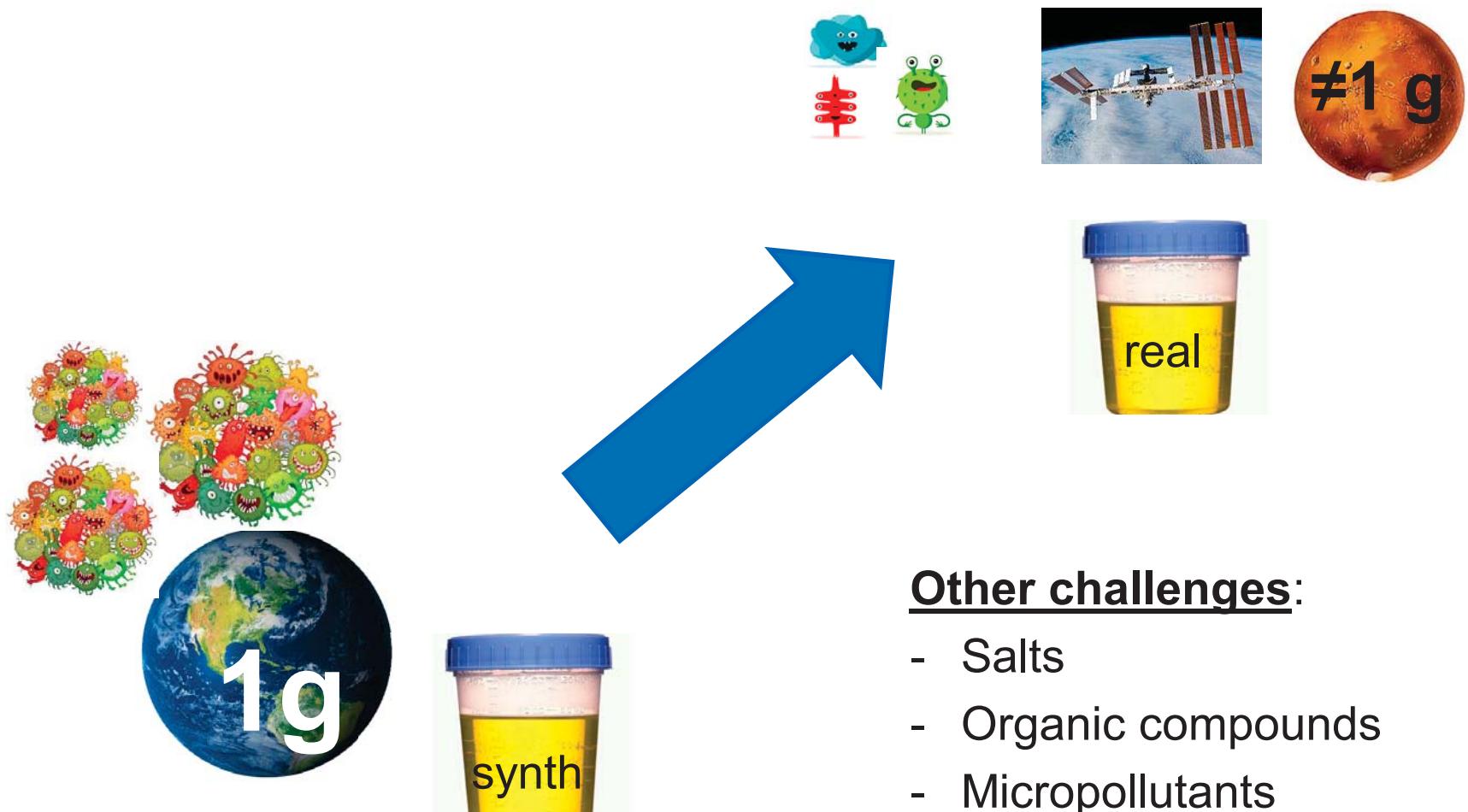


MELiSSA – urine nitrification

- Closing the cycle: waste → food
- ~80% of the nitrogen flux: urine
- $N_{org} \rightarrow NH_4^+/NH_3 \rightarrow NO_2^- \rightarrow NO_3^-$



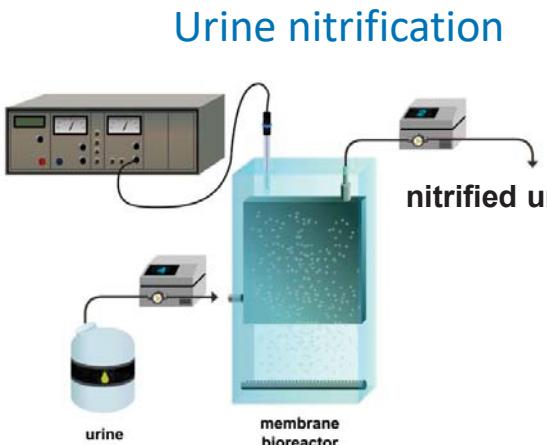
Urine nitrification: strategy towards demonstration in Space



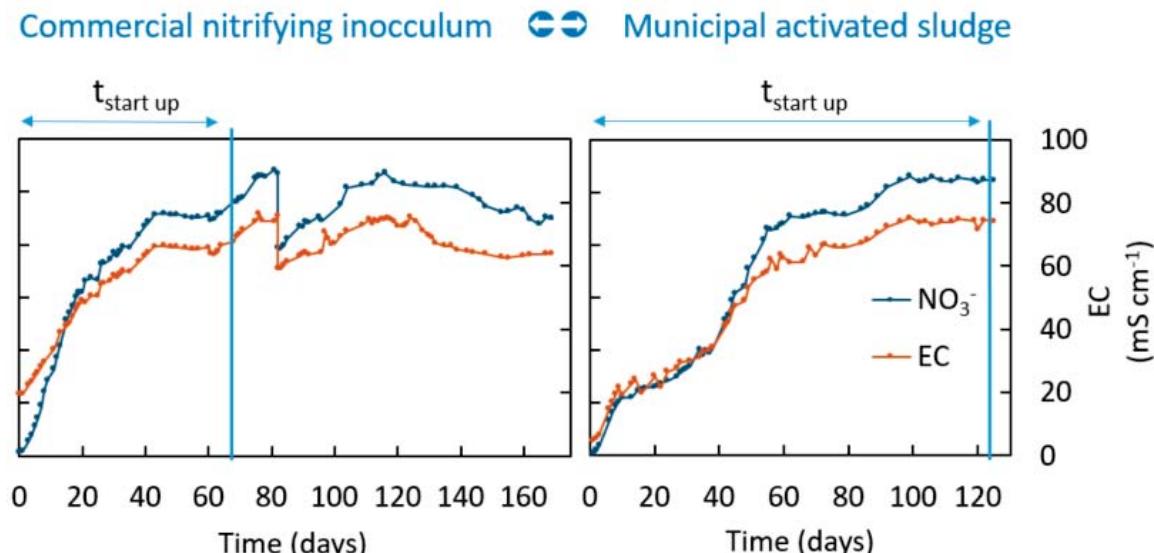
Other challenges:

- Salts
- Organic compounds
- Micropollutants
- Microbial stabilization

Urine nitrification in a MBR



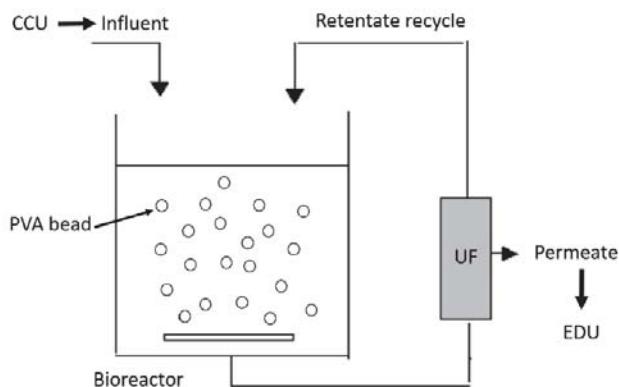
Earth → Space
Synthetic urine → Real urine
Open community → Synthetic community



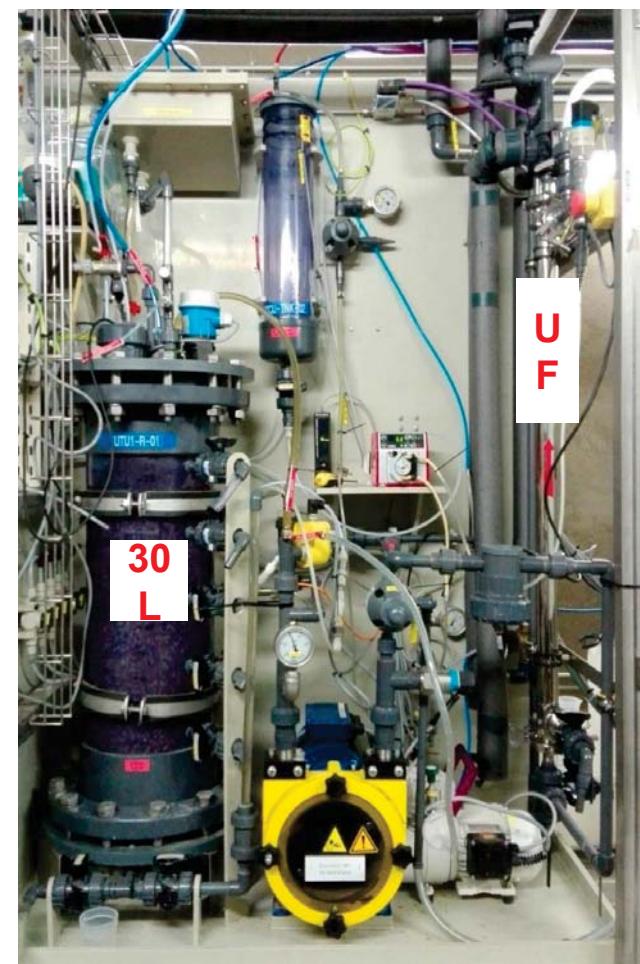
- First demonstration of urine nitrification with undiluted urine (high EC)
- N conversion efficiency > 95% (rate $0.4 \text{ g N L}^{-1} \text{ d}^{-1}$)
- COD removal efficiency >95%

Urine nitrification in a MBBR

- PVA beads as biomass carriers
- From labscale to Breadboard (WTUB)
- $\text{TRL}_{\text{earth}} = 6$ ($\text{TRL}_{\text{space}} = 4$)



Earth → Space
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~~Open community → Synthetic community~~



QinetiQ Space nv  **vito**
vision on technology

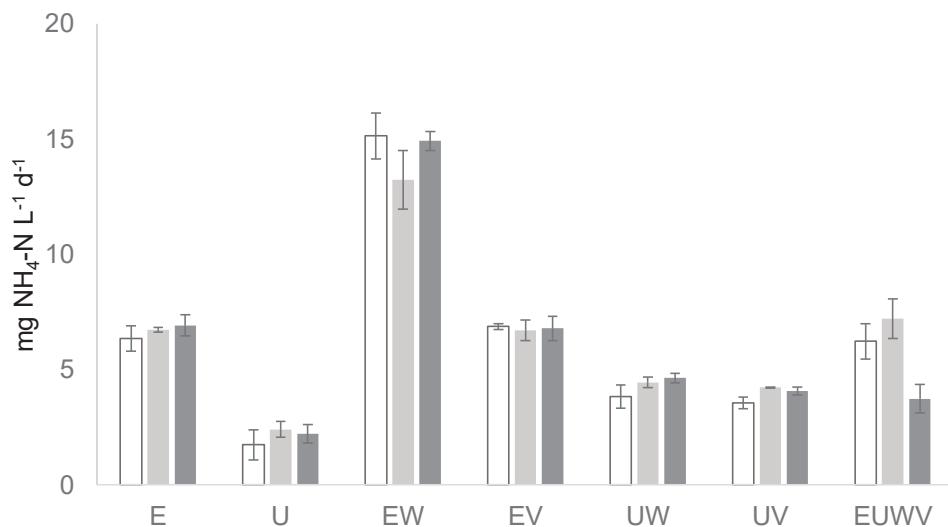
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*De Paepe et al. (submitted)
Lindeboom et al. (in preparation)*

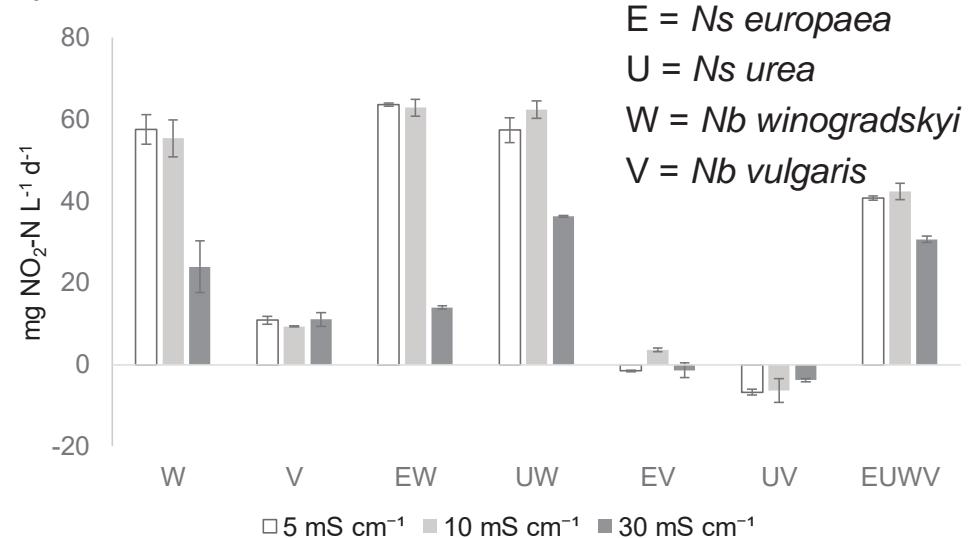
Strain selection for a synthetic community

Earth → Space
 Synthetic urine → Real urine
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1a



1b



- *Nb winogradskyi* enhances ammonia oxidation activity in *Ns europaea* and *Ns urea* in a broad conductivity range
- *Nb winogradskyi* more sensitive to higher conductivity
- Proteomic analysis: response mechanisms of ***Ns europaea* & *Nb winogradskyi*** to high salt concentration

Strain selection for a synthetic community

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- Heterotroph(s): ureolysis & COD removal
- *Ns europaea* + *Nb winogradkyi* + ...
- Selection of heterotroph(s):

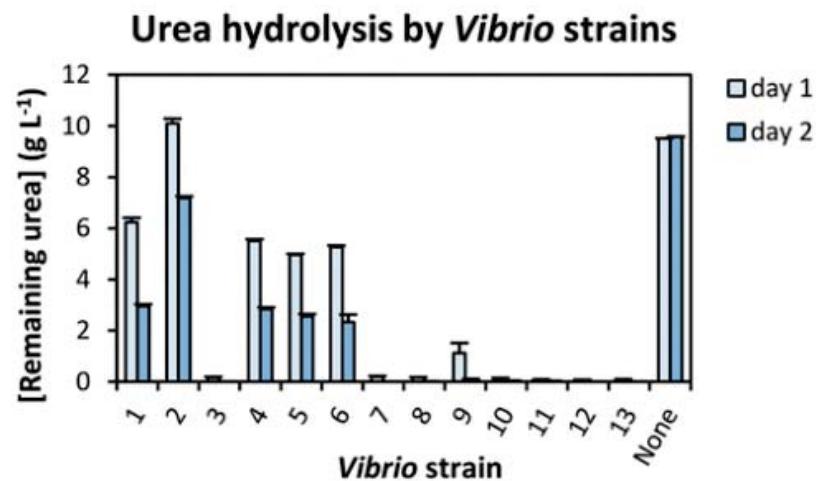
Pseudomonas fluorescens

Acidovorax delafieldii

Delftia acidovorans

Comamonas testosteroni, ...

- Ureolysis up to 4 g N/L.h (*Vibrio*)
- *Vibrio* suppresses nitrification activity?



Synthetic microbial community in a membrane bioreactor (MBR)

Earth → Space

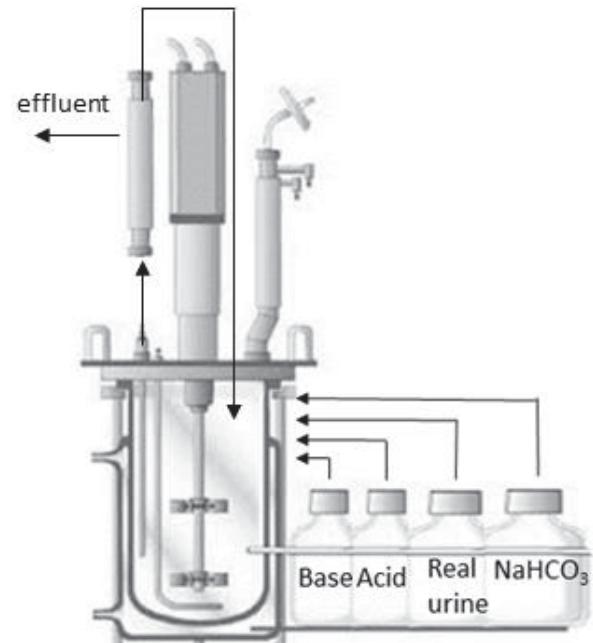
~~Synthetic urine → Real urine~~

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- Synthetic microbial community
- Membrane ultrafiltration
- Bubble aeration



- Synthetic urine ✓
- Real urine ✓



Demonstration of urine nitrification in the MELiSSA Pilot Plant (UAB)

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- The MELiSSA demonstrator (Spain)
- High level requirements
- Integration of MELiSSA compartments

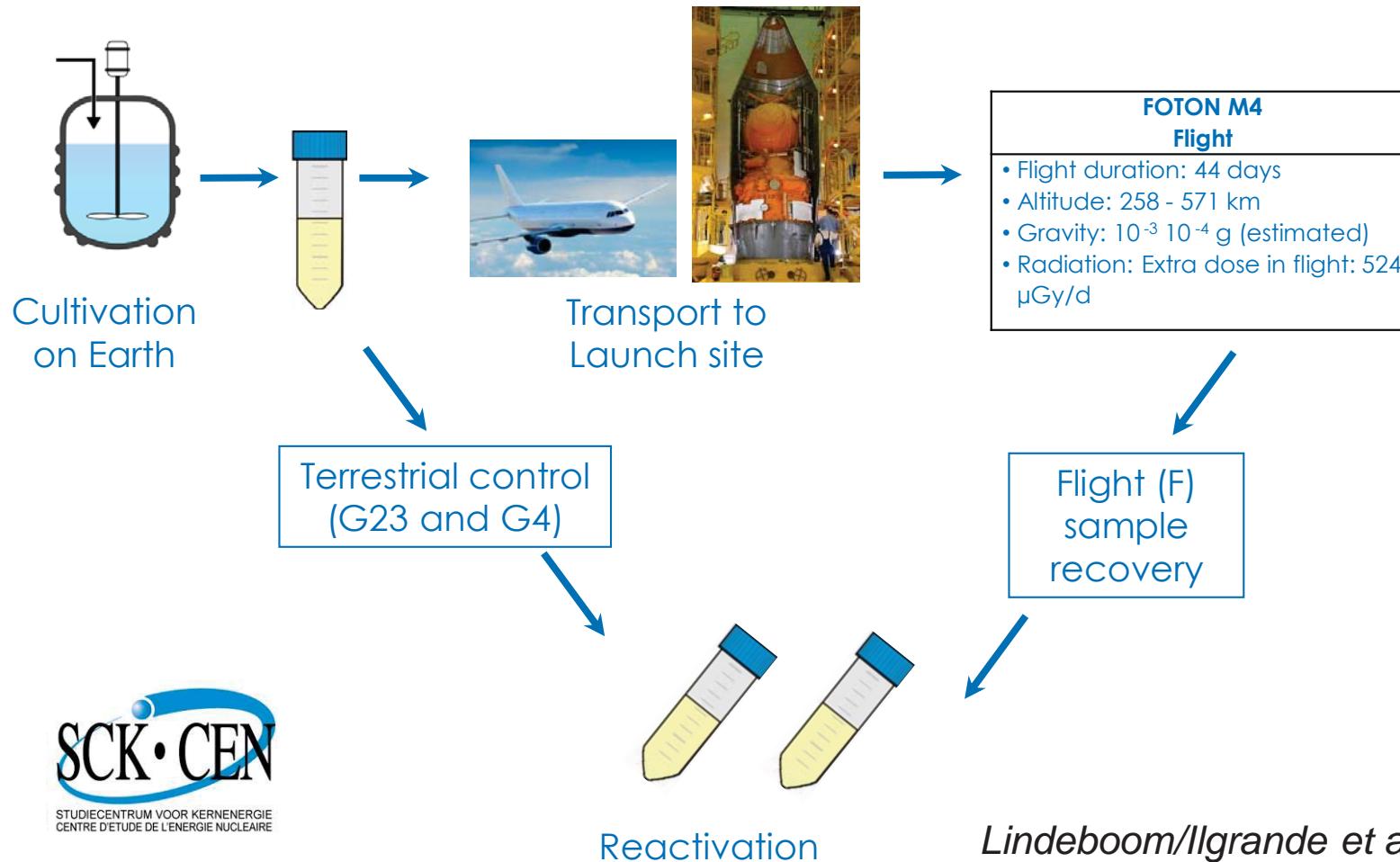


Reactivation of nitrifiers (Foton Flight)

Earth → Space

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Comparison rates after reactivation: Flight vs. Ground 23°C control

Composition	Symbol	Microbial characterization	Ureolysis	Ammonia oxidation	Nitrite oxidation
			Urea $\rightarrow \text{NH}_4^+$	$\text{NH}_4^+ \rightarrow \text{NO}_2^-$	$\text{NO}_2^- \rightarrow \text{NO}_3^-$
Defined	C	<i>Cupriavidus pinatubonensis</i>	=		
	Ns	<i>Nitrosomonas europaea</i>		X	
	Nb	<i>Nitrobacter winogradskyi</i>			=
	NsNb	<i>Nitrosomonas europaea</i> + <i>Nitrobacter winogradskyi</i>		↑	↑
	CNsNb	<i>Cupriavidus pinatubonensis</i> + <i>Nitrosomonas europaea</i> + <i>Nitrobacter winogradskyi</i>	=	↑	↑

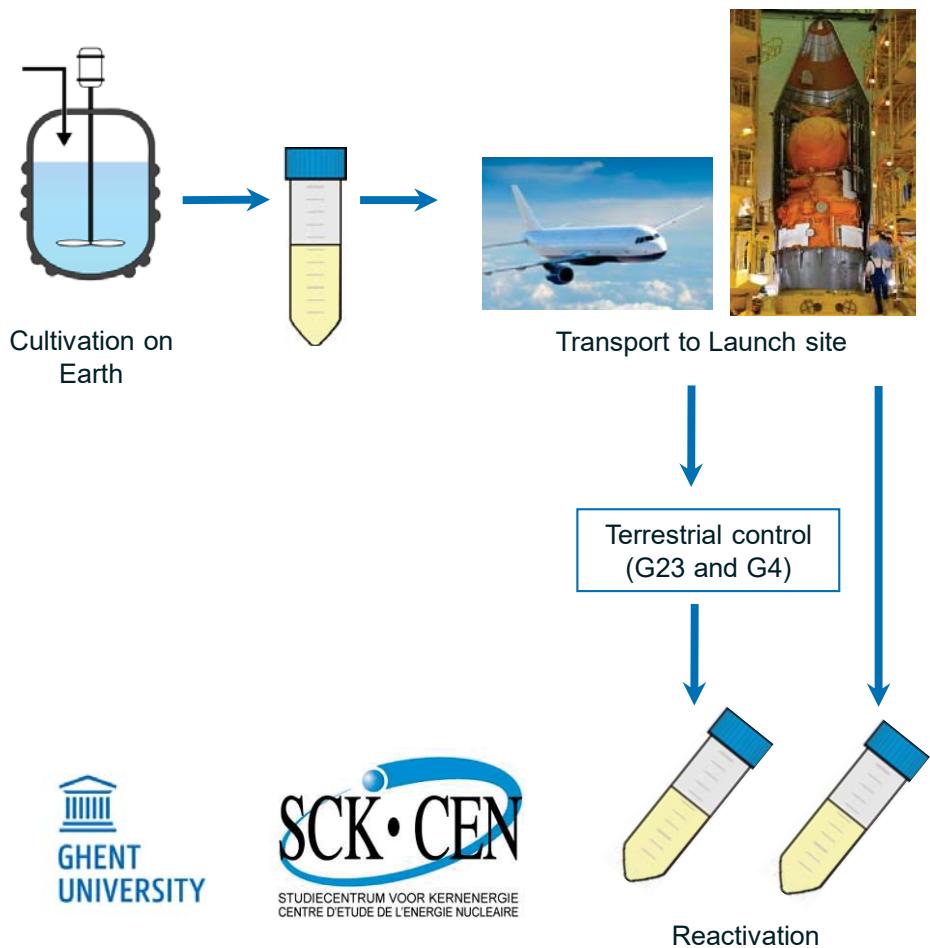


Reactivation of nitrifiers (ISS)

Earth → Space

Synthetic urine → Real urine

Open community → Synthetic community



Ilgrande et al. (in preparation)



Comparison rates after reactivation : Flight vs. Ground 23°C control

Strain/consortia	Ureolysis	Ammonia oxidation	Nitrite oxidation
	Urea $\rightarrow \text{NH}_4^+$	$\text{NH}_4^+ \rightarrow \text{NO}_2^-$	$\text{NO}_2^- \rightarrow \text{NO}_3^-$
<i>Cupriavidus pinatubonensis</i> strain 1245	=		
<i>Nitrosomonas europaea</i> strain ATCC 19718		=/ \uparrow	
<i>Nitrobacter winogradskyi</i> strain ATCC 2539			\downarrow
<i>Nitrosomonas europaea</i> + <i>Nitrobacter winogradskyi</i>		\uparrow	=
<i>Nitrosomonas europaea</i> + <i>Nitrobacter winogradskyi</i> - coculture		\uparrow	=
<i>Nitrosomonas europaea</i> + <i>Nitrobacter winogradskyi</i> + <i>Cupriavidus pinatubonensis</i>	=/ \downarrow	\uparrow	=

- All nitrifying strains could be reactivated
- Synthetic communities: higher ammonia oxidation rate after space flight?
- Negative impact of space flight on *N. winogradskyi* undone in synthetic microbial community?

Nitrification activity tests (ISS): URINIS A

- Gravity independent aeration
- Effect of microgravity on:
 - biofilm structure/formation
 - nitrification rate
 - metabolism (transcriptomics/proteomics)
- ISS (<2020?)

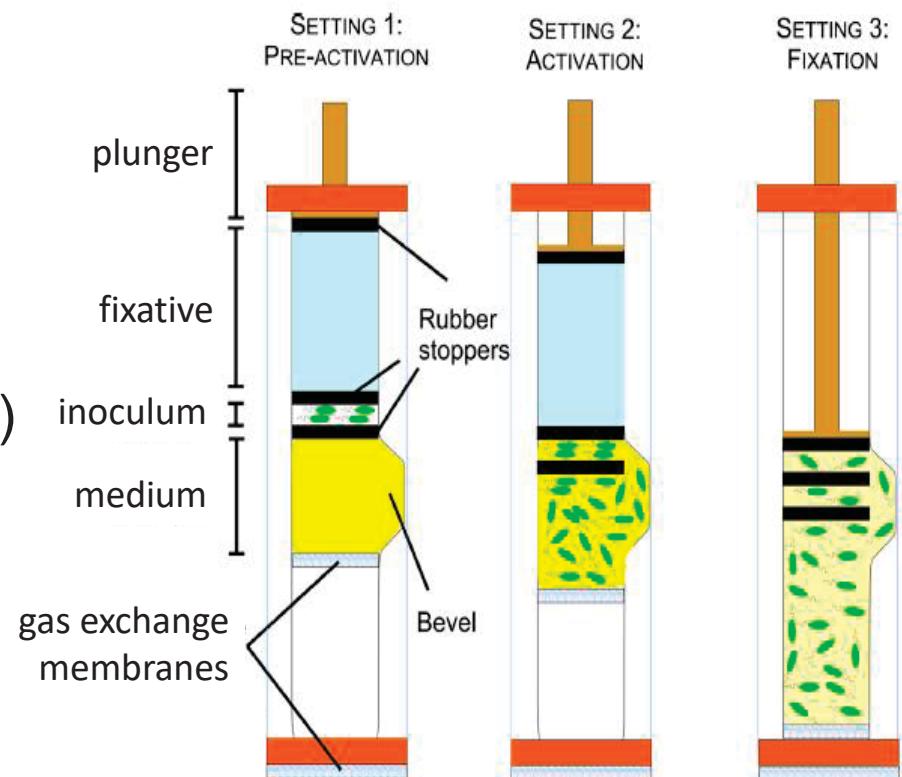
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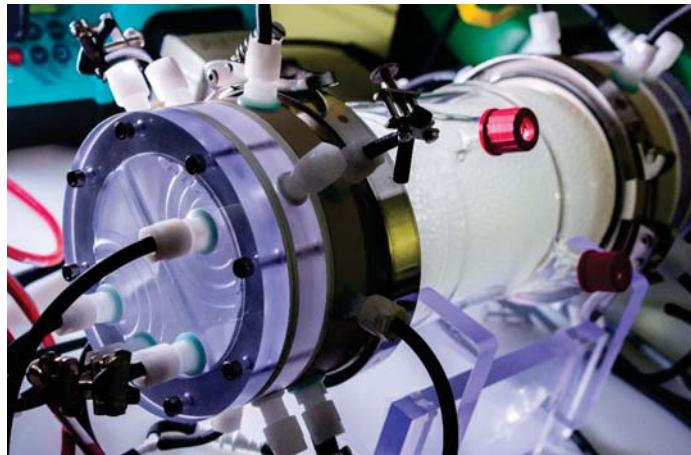
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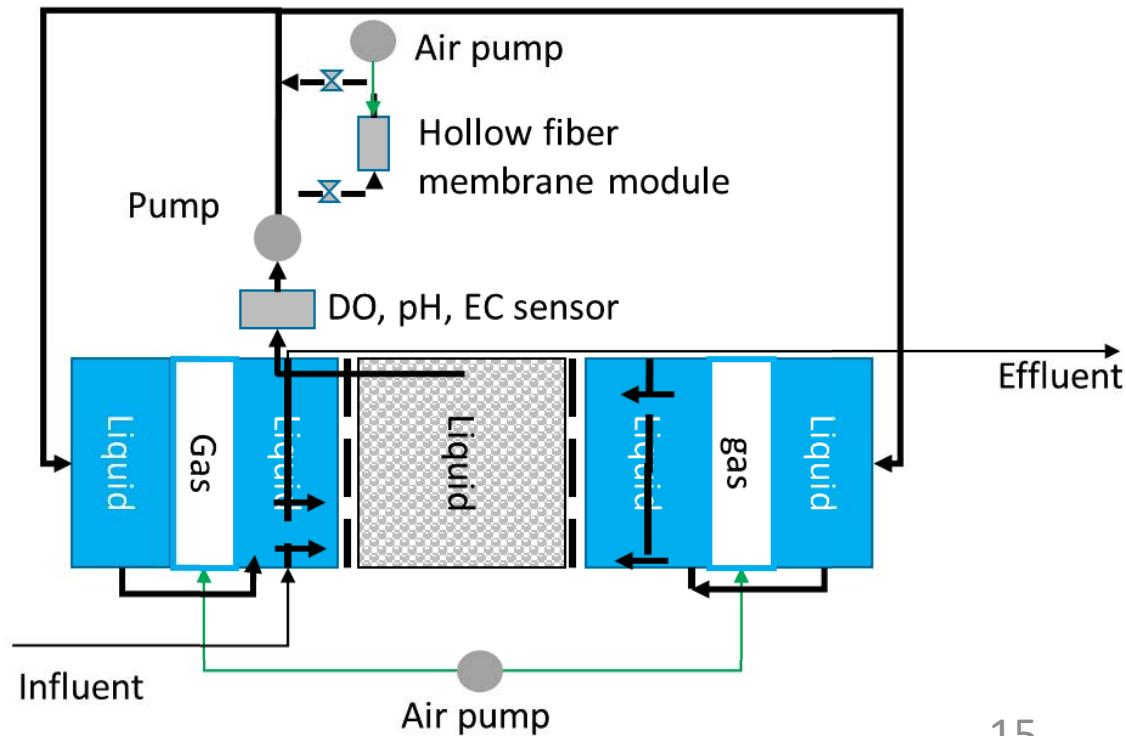
Urine nitrification in a bioreactor (ISS?): URINIS B

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Membrane aeration with
flat sheet or hollow fiber
membranes for gravity
independent aeration



Liquid recirculation





Acknowledgements:

